TenarisHydril
Wedge 441™
Connection

Scope

These guidelines apply specifically to the use of Wedge 441™ connections. This document shall be used in conjunction with the TenarisHydril Running Manual GDL00337, which is the main document applicable to the running of all TenarisHydril Premium Connections.

Tenaris Field Service representative can modify these guidelines when circumstances dictate. Implementation will only occur if the specialist deems the modification to be non-detrimental to product integrity. All modifications being explained and agreed with the client representative prior to implementation and fully documented in the running report.

References

- TenarisHydril Running Manual GDL00337
- Premium Connection Approved Thread Compounds FTD29356.
- Recommended guidelines for the field inspection of TenarisHydril connections GDL31457.

Equipment, Material & Documents

1. Verify the appropriate thread compound is available.
2. Refer to document FTD29356 for a list of compounds approved by Tenaris.

3. Latest version of the specific Product Data Sheet can be obtained from Tenaris website. In case this is not available, request the data sheet from the local Technical Sales representative or contact-tenarishydril@tenaris.com

Pre-Running

1. Never move or handle pipe without the correct thread protectors securely in place.

2. Ensure connections are clean and free of all debris and/or contaminants, cleaning methods employed should conform to the recommendations contained within the TenarisHydril Running Manual GDL00337.

3. Verify all pipe and accessories have genuine TenarisHydril manufactured connections.

4. Visually inspect thread area prior to running, ensuring no damage is evident.

5. Verify the compatibility of the Wedge 441™ connection with accessories such as cement heads, safety valves, cross overs, etc.

6. Verify material grade of all accessories ensuring compatibility with main string.

Inspection

1. Inspection criteria for Wedge 441™ connection is as outlined in the Field Service Operative Guideline GDL31457.

2. Light scratches on pin nose are acceptable as long as there is no protruding metal.
3. Particular attention should be paid to indentation/marks on coupling OD close to coupling face. Refer to GDL31457.

**Wedge 441™ Configuration**

Available in 5" 18 ppf  
5 1/2" 20 ppf  
7 5/8" 29.7 ppf
Couplings for Wedge 441™ will have a black band at the center in addition to the color bands for steel grade identification.

Thread Compound Applicationn

1. Apply a thin coating of thread compound on the full pin end only, threads and pin nose, the thread form should be clearly visible.

2. Do not apply running compound to the box end. If thread compound has been applied previously, remove before running.
3. If pipe is received from Tenaris as "Run Ready", no additional cleaning or compound application is required prior to running. Remove thread protectors, redistribute thread compound on the pin with clean brush to ensure homogeneous coverage of threads and nose.

**Thread Lock Application**

1. Connections must be clean and dry when applying thread lock.

2. Thread lock should be applied to 50% of the threads at the back of the pin connection.

3. Running compound should then be applied to the threads at the back of the box connection.

**Torque Application**

1. Computer make up equipment is not mandatory for Wedge 441™ connections.

2. Set tong dump valve at optimum torque then test on pipe body.
3. Apply the specified torques as indicated on the Wedge 441™ data sheet. Do not apply thread compound manufacturer’s friction factor.

4. The make up criteria for Wedge 441™ connection is the attainment of optimum torque along with the coupling face final position.

5. Wedge 441™ is correctly assembled when both box faces finish within the region of the visual indicator stamp corresponding to the torque applied, as detailed below:

- The visual indicator can be either a T-shaped stamp, or alternatively an inverted triangle stamp. Both of them have the same function and are equivalent, with the triangular one being the latest design for improved visibility. Refer to sketch on next page.

- If using make up torques, coupling face should finish within the make up torque window.

- If exceeding optimum torque, the coupling face should finish anywhere within the minimum finish point and maximum finish point for operational torque. It is possible the pin nose contacts the box shoulder on either side (field end or mill end).
6. On the first connection make up:

- Once optimum torque has been attained relax the tong.

- Draw a longitudinal line across pin and box and re-apply optimum torque without breaking out the connection.

- If movement over 1" is witnessed for the drawn line on the field pin end:
  - Check for factors that are absorbing the applied torque. Often the issue is caused by excessive application of thread compound. Recheck alignment and tong function, making adjustments as necessary.
  
  - Draw a second line, re-apply optimum torque without breaking out the connection and check the new drawn line does not move beyond 1".

  - Repeat this process without breaking out the connection until rotation is less than 1" after re-applying optimum torque.
- If this process was repeated and rotation exceeded the mark of 1” twice or more, then reduce the amount of thread compound for the following connection and repeat the process until getting less than 1” in the first attempt.

- Only if the re-application of torque does not result in movement above 1” continue running the rest of the string normally applying optimum torque once only along with the adjusted amount of thread compound.

7. When thread locking connections, optimum torque values 20% should be applied at low RPM. Re-apply this increased torque as necessary until rotation witnessed is below 1”.

8. When mixing weights/grades proceed as follows:

- Place back up tong on the pipe body below the coupling for making up connections.

- If using recommended make up torques, apply the optimum make up torque value corresponding to the weight/grade of pin member to be assembled.

- If using operational torques, apply the lower operational torque value of the two connections.

- The operational torque of a Wedge 441™ string with mixed grades/weights corresponds to the minimum operational torque of the lower grade/weight connections within the string.

9. Coupling rotation when applying make up torque is acceptable as long as both sides of coupling stay within the appropriate make up windows for the torque applied.
10. Graph analysis for Wedge 441™ is similar to that for all Wedge Series 500® and 600®, refer to the TenarisHydril running manual GDL00337 make up acceptance section for further explanation.

11. When computer equipment is used to monitor Wedge 441™ connection make up, the graph profiles should be similar to the sketches below.
12. Below an example of a non-acceptable graph on Wedge 441™ due to yielding.
Running

1. The use of a stabbing guide is recommended.

2. The use of slip type elevators is strongly recommended.

3. It is advisable to use a safety clamp.

4. To avoid cross threading stab pipe in a smooth controlled fashion ensuring the pipe is vertical when doing so, continue to support and stabilize the pipe throughout the make up operation.

5. Upon commencement of initial rotation use low RPM (5 RPM or below) in order to ensure the pipe has not cross threaded during stabbing.

6. If cross threading is evident, immediately reverse rotate the pipe, completely disassemble, clean and inspect both connections.
7. Maximum assembly speeds are indicated in the table below. These are applicable for running in singles with power tong or CRT and assuming ideal conditions. Several factors may dictate a lower RPM should be used for assembly such as weather, pipe movement or alignment among other variables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATERIAL</th>
<th>OD</th>
<th>SPIN IN RPM</th>
<th>FINAL MAKE-UP RPM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Carbon Steel</td>
<td>5&quot; - 7 5/8&quot;</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8. A factor which may preclude complete assembly is excessive thread compound applied to the connection, reduce the quantity applied if this is found to be the case.

9. Never apply back up tong over the coupling.
Pulling

1. The use of a stabbing guide is recommended to prevent hang up.

2. The use of slip type elevators is strongly recommended.

3. The use of a safety clamp is strongly recommended.

4. Apply the back up tong on the pipe body below the coupling.

5. Apply power tong in low RPM (3-5 RPM) to break out the connection, ensuring the pipe is stabilized during the break out process.

6. Maximum spin out speed should not exceed 15 RPM.

7. Visual inspection is recommended to classify the thread condition; any rejected connections should be clearly marked and segregated for further investigation.

8. Apply clean, dry thread protectors after applying storage compound on clean, dry connections.

9. Storage / thread compound should always be applied to connections post job, even rejects.